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Dixon, Lois Claudine; And Others

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AESTRACT

A study was conducted to investigate certain characteristics of respondents who renovated furniture during a Washington County educational television 19-program series on chair renovation, who had previously renovated furniture, and who planned to renovate a chair following the series, and to compare them with those respondents who had not. Data used in the analysis came from 1,477 homemakers responding to a mail questionnaire in a five-State area including parts of Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, North Carolina, and West Virginia. Data were analyzed according to the relation of the respondents membership status, previous renovation of furniture, number of Extension units in the series watched, and chair renovating rating. Among the major findings were: (1) respondent Extension-related membership status was significantly related to previous formal education; (2) respondent Extension-related membership status was significantly related to renovation of a chair before watching the series; (3) whether or not respondents renovated chairs while an educational TV series was in progress and whether or not respondents intended to renovate chairs after the series were significantly related; and (4) the actual number of Extension units watched by respondents was significantly related to each of six topics for future TV programs desired by respondents--buying home furnishings, window treatment, food preservation, food buying, work simplification, and money management. (Author/KM)



RESEARCH SUMMAF

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Extension Study No. 38 S. C. 825 A Research Summary
of a
Graduate Study

CHARACTERISTICS OF VIEWERS OF A TENNESSEE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES ON RENOVATING FURNITURE

Lois Claudine Diron, Cecil E. Carter, Jr. and Robert S. Dotson

AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION EDUCATION

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CHARACTERISTICS OF VIEWERS OF A TENNESSEE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES ON RENOVATING FURNITURE

by

Lois Claudine Dixon, Cecil E. Carter, Jr.

and Robert S. Dotson

November 20, 1972*

ABSTRACT

This study was concerned with the characteristics of viewers of a Washington County educational television nineteen-program series on the subject of chair renovation. The purpose was to investigate certain characteristics of respondents who had previously renovated furniture, who had renovated during the educational television series and who planned to renovate a chair following the series, and to compare than with those respondents who had not. Data were collected from homemakers responding to a mail questionnaire in a five-state area including parts of Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, North Carolina, and West Virginia. A total of 1,477 questionnaires were judged to be complete and accurate and were used in the analysis. For purposes of the analysis, data from the 1,477 viewers were studied under four major headings according to the relation of the respondents: (1) membership status; (2) previous renovation of furniture; (3) number of Extension units in the series watched; and (4) chair renovating rating.

Thirteen independent variables were identified and used as a basis for comparing certain characteristics of respondents who had renovated

^{*}Date of completion or an M.S. degree thesis by Lois Claudine Dixon on which this summary is based.

furniture with those who had not. Contingency tables were used to show the relation between the dependent and independent variables. Chi square values which achieved the .05 level were accepted as being statistically significant. Computations were done by The University of Tennessee Computing Center.

Major findings of the study were:

- 1. Respondent Extension-related membership status was significantly related to previous formal educational training. Though the test did not identify the area of variation, it appeared to focus on 4-H leaders, and parents (i.e., the former appeared to be slightly better and the latter less-well educated, respectively, than others).
- 2. Respondent Extension-related membership status was significantly related to all but one source of publicity that encouraged participation in the classes. The test identified television, newspapers, letters from the home agent, and "others" as the sources where the respondents in the various membership statuses varied significantly. Four-H leaders reported television and newspaper more frequently, while home demonstration club leaders reported letters from the home agent more than others. Differences on radio were not significant.
- 3. Respondent Extension-related membership status was significantly related to renovation of a chair before watching the series. More home demonstration club members and leaders and 4-H parents had renovated chairs previously than was true of 4-H leaders and non-members.
- 4. Respondent Extension-related membership status and three types of future television programs desired was significantly related. Significant differences were noted on a specific craft (more home demonstration clubs,

63 percent, and 4-H leaders, 69 percent, than others indicating interest), food preservation (more 4-H parents, 49 percent, and non-members, 44 percent, than others showing interest), and food buying (more 4-H parents, 35 percent, and non-members, 32 percent, than others expressing interest.

- 5. Respondent Extension-related membership status and certain types of classes attended were significantly related. Extension-sponsored and "other" classes had been attended by more leaders prior to viewing than by members of other categories participating. Differences on night classes were significant while others were not.
- 6. Whether or not respondents renovated chairs while the educational series was in progress was significantly related to their previous formal educational training. Though the test did not show where the differences occurred, observation of tabled data suggested that those renovating chairs tended to have at least some high school work, while non-renovators more frequently did not respond or indicated grammar school or at least some college.
- 7. Whether or not respondents renovated chairs while an educational television series was in progress and whether or not respondents assisted someone else in renovating chairs were significantly related. More viewers renovating chairs themselves during the educational television series tended to assist others in renovating them.
- 8. Whether or not respondents renovated chairs while an educational television series was in progress and whether or not respondents intended to renovate chairs after having seen the educational television series were significantly related. More of those not renovating chairs during the educational series were certain they did not plan to do chairs

following the series.

- 9. The actual number of Extension units watched by respondents and whether or not they had renovated chairs while the educational television series was in progress were significantly related. This suggests that those renovating chairs during the series tended to watch a significantly higher number of Extension units, and those not renovating tended to watch fewer.
- and whether or not they had assisted someone else in renovating chairs while the educational television series was in progress were significantly related. This means that those helping someone else to renovate chairs during the series tended to watch more Extension units than others; while those not assisting others tended to watch fewer.
- 11. The actual number of Extension units watched by respondents and whether or not they intended to renovate chairs after seeing the educational television series were significantly related. More of those who had chair renovation plans viewed more Extension units in the series; the reverse also applying with those not having plans for renovation.
- 12. The actual number of Extension units watched by respondents was significantly related to each of six topics for future television programs desired by respondents. A summary of results showed that the following television series topics were significantly related to the number of Extension units viewed: (1) buying home furnishings; (2) window treatment; (3) food preservation; (4) food buying; (5) work simplification; and (6) money management. The higher the number of units watched, the greater the likelihood they would select each of the six topics listed.

- 13. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to "other" sources of publicity (e.g., telephone, face-to-face contact, meetings) regarding the series. Relations with remaining sources (i.e., letters from home agents, newspapers, radio, television) were not significant.
- 14. Respondent chair removation rating was significantly related to having removated chairs before watching the educational television series. Thus, those who had removated prior to viewing tended to have higher removation ratings. This means that more of those who had completed chairs before the series also did so during the series and planned to removate more following the series.
- 15. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to renovating chairs while the series was in progress.
- 16. Respondent chair renovation rating and whether or not respondents assisted someone else in renovating chairs during the educational television series were significantly related. Thus, more viewers helping someone else renovate had higher renovation ratings; while more not helping someone else had lower.
- 17. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to respondent plans to renovate chairs after having seen the series. This is, of course, partially due to the fact that plans to renovate were included as one of the three criteria used for renovation ratings.
- 18. Respondent chair renovation rating and the viewing of each of the fifteen suggested Extension units were significantly related.
 - 19. Respondent chair renovation ratings and whether or not respondents

were satisfied with their renovated chairs were significantly related. Those having higher renovation ratings tended to be better satisfied with renovated chairs.

- 20. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to the number of units watched. Those viewing more units tended to have higher renovation ratings.
- 21. Respondent chair removation rating was significantly related to all types of adult education classes previously attended. Those having previously attended more adult education classes tended to rate higher.

Implications and recommendations also were made.

RESEARCH SUMMARY*

I. PURPOSES AND SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

The major purposes of this study were to investigate certain characteristics of respondents who had previously renovated furniture, who had renovated during the educational television series and who planued to renovate a chair following the series, and to compare them with those respondents who had not.

Specific Objectives

Specific objectives were to examine the characteristics of the different renovation groups according to:

- 1. Different membership status
- 2. Other renovation completed
- 3. Different numbers of Extension units in the educational television series watched
- 4. Other renovation planned
- 5. Renovation ratings

} .

6. Other home economics subject matter areas in which viewers of the chair renovating series were interested.

The study was undertaken because little was known regarding the characteristics of viewers of Washington County educational television



^{*}Lois Claudine Dixon, Extension Agent, Agricultural Extension Service, The University of Tennessee, Jonesboro, Tennessee.

Cecil E. Carter, Jr., Associate Professor, Agricultural Extension Education Section, The University of Tennessee Agricultural Extension Service, Knoxville, Tennessee.

Robert S. Dotson, Professor and Head, Agricultural Extension Education Section, The University of Tennessee Agricultural Extension Service, Knoxville, Tennessee.

programs (See Figure 1). It was believed that data from such a study would be helpful in planning additional home economics Extension subject matter areas for television use in Tennessee and elsewhere.

II. METHOD OF INVESTIGATION

For study purposes, the population and sample included the 1,477 homemakers who completed and returned the evaluation forms after viewing the educational television series.

III. METHOD OF ANALYSIS

The completed questionnaires were coded and responses recorded on data sheets. Data were punched on data processing cards. Thirteen independent variables were identified and used in the analysis of factors related to: (1) membership status; (2) respondents who had or had not renovated a chair; (3) Extension units in the series watched; and (4) chair renovation ratings.

The chair renovation rating was used to answer the following questions:

- 1. Had you upholstered a chair before you saw these programs?
- 2. While the television series was in progress, did you:
 - a. Renovate a chair?
 - b. Assist someone else?
- 3. Do you intend to renovate a chair now that you have seen the program?

In the rating system used: $\underline{0}$ meant that question five, six, and seven, all received a "no" answer; $\underline{1}$ was given to those who answered either



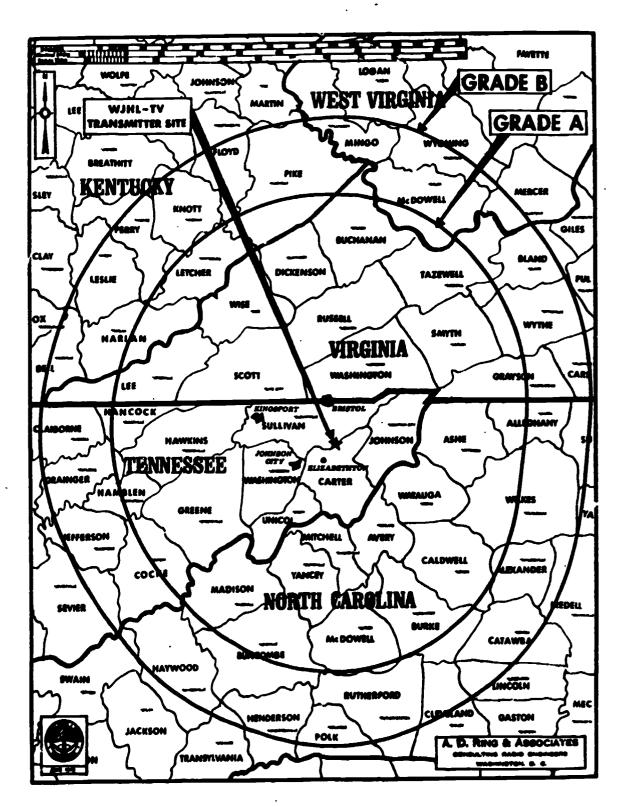


Figure 1. Viewing area for television station W.J.H.L., Johnson City, Tennessee.



Center. A contingency table analysis program was used. This program computed two-way frequency and percentage tables; chi square and contingency coefficients. Output for this program included: (1) frequency tables; (2) row, column, and table percentages; and (3) chi square values which achieved the .05 level of confidence were accepted as significant. Although research and null hypotheses were not stated, an assumed null hypothesis existed for each of the 13 independent variables.

IV. MAJOR FINDINGS

Major findings were classified and presented under headings related to the objectives of the study. Tables summarizing the findings may be referred to in the Appendix.

Relations Between the Respondents' Extension-Related Membership Status and Selected Personal Characteristics

- 1. Respondent Extension-related membership status was significantly related to previous formal educational training. Though the test did not identify the area of variation, it appeared to focus on 4-H leaders, and parents (i.e., the former appeared to be slightly better and the latter less-well educated, respectively, than others).
- 2. Respondent Extension-related membership status was significantly related to all but one source of publicity that encouraged participation



In the classes. The test identified television, newspapers, letters from the home agent, and "others" as the sources where the respondents in the various membership statuses varied significantly. Four-H leaders reported television and newspapers most frequently, while home demonstration club leaders reported letters from the home agents more than others. Differences on radio were not significant.

- 3. Respondent Extension-related membership status was significantly related to renovation of chairs before watching the series. More home demonstration club members and leaders and 4-H parents had renovated chairs previously than was true of 4-H leaders and non-members.
- 4. Respondent Extension-related membership status and three types of future television programs desired was significantly related. Significant differences were noted on a specific craft (more home demonstration clubs, 63 percent, and 4-H, 69 percent, leaders than others indicating interest), food preservation (more 4-H parents, 49 percent, and non-members, 44 percent than others showing interest), and food buying (more 4-H parents 35 percent, and non-members, 32 percent, than others interested).
- 5. Respondent Extension-related membership status and types of classes attended was significantly related. Extension-sponsored and "Others" classes were attended by more leaders than members of other categories participating. Differences on night classes were not significant.

Relations Between Respondents Who Did or Did Not Renovate Chairs While an Educational Television Series Was in Progress and Selected Personal Characteristics

- 1. Whether or not respondents renovated chairs while an educational series was in progress was significantly related to their previous formal educational training. Though the test did not show where the differences occurred, observation of tabled data suggested that those renovating chairs tended to have at least some high school work, while non-renovators more frequently did not respond or indicated grammar school or at least some college.
- 2. Whether or not respondents renovated chairs while an educational television series was in progress and whether or not respondents assisted someone else in renovating chairs were significantly related. More viewers renovating chairs themselves during the educational television series tended to assist others in renovating them.
- 3. Whether or not respondents renovated chairs while an educational television series was in progress and whether or not respondents intended to renovate chairs after having seen the educational television series were significantly related. More of those not renovating chairs during the educational series were certain they did not plan to do chairs following.

Relations Between Actual Number of Extension Units Watched by Respondents and Selected Personal Characteristics

1. The actual number of Extension units watched by respondents and whether or not they had renovated chairs while the educational television series was in progress were significantly related. This suggests that



those renovating chairs during the series tended to watch a significantly higher number of the Extension units, and those not renovating tended to watch fewer.

- 2. The actual number of Extension units watched by respondents and whether or not they had assisted someone else in renovating chairs while the educational television series was in progress were significantly related. This means that those helping someone else to renovate chairs during the series tended to watch more Extension units than others; while those not assisting others tended to watch fewer.
- 3. The actual number of Extension units watched by respondents and whether or not they intended to renovate chairs after seeing the educational television series were significantly related. More of those who had chair renovation plans viewed more Extension units in the series; the reverse also applying with those not having plans for renovation.
- 4. The actual number of Extension units watched by respondents was significantly related to each of six types of future television programs desired. A summary of results showed that the following television series topics were significantly related to number of Extension units viewed: (1) buying home furnishings; (2) window treatment; (3) food preservation; (4) food buying; (5) work simplification; and (6) money management. The higher the number of units watched, the greater the likelihood they would select each of the six topics listed.

Relations Between Respondents' Chair Renovation Ratings and Selected Personal Characteristics

1. Respondent chair renovation rating was not significantly related to the state of residence.



- 2. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to "other" sources of publicity regarding the series. Relations with remaining sources were not significant.
- 3. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to having renovated chairs before watching the educational television series. Thus, those who had renovated prior to viewing tended to have higher renovation ratings. This means that more of those who had completed chairs before the series also did so during the series and planned to renovate more following the series.
- 4. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to renovating chairs while the series was in progress.
- 5. Respondent chair renovation rating and whether or not respondents assisted someone else in renovating chairs during the educational television series were significantly related. Thus, more viewers helping someone else renovate had higher renovation ratings; while more not helping someone else had lower.
- 6. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to respondent plans to renovate chairs after having seen the series. This is, of course, partially due to the fact that plans to renovate were included as one of the three criteria used for renovation ratings.
- 7. Respondent chair renovation rating and the viewing of each of the 15 suggested Extension units were significantly related.
- 8. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to the number of units watched. Those viewing more units tended to have higher renovation ratings.



- 9. Respondent chair renovation rating and whether or not respondents were satisfied with their renovated chairs were significantly related.

 Those having higher renovation ratings tended to be better satisfied with renovated chairs.
- 10. Respondent chair renovation rating was significantly related to all types of adult education classes previously attended. Those having previously attended some adult education classes tended to rate higher.

V. DIPLICATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of the study and the writer's experience and views, the following implications were drawn and recommendations made:

- 1. Since the respondents' previous formal educational training proved to be a significant characteristic, consideration should be given to planning Extension television series to better meet the needs and interests of all educational levels.
- 2. Since the respondents' sources of publicity that encouraged participation in the television series tended to make use of television, newspapers, letters from home agents, and "others" sources, more intensive Extension effort is needed to inform the viewers through television publicity regarding future educational series.
- 3. Since the respondents who had previously renovated furniture, assisted someone else in renovating furniture, and/or planned to renovate furniture tended to watch more of the Extension units than those who had done none of the above, this would imply that educational television series need to be designed with special emphasis on viewer involvement.



- 4. Since interest in viewing seemed to lessen as the series progressed, as shown by decreasing percents watching later units, it may be implied that future Extension television series be of shorter time period.
- 5. Since the respondents renovation of furniture before watching the series was significantly related to Extension-related membership status this would imply that additional consideration should be given to planning television series to better meet the membership and previous experience of the viewers.

Based on the results of the study and the writer's experience and views, the following recommendations were made:

- 1. Washington County Extension Home Economists could develop educational television series which would better meet the needs and interests of all educational grade levels of the viewers. This could be done by studying the viewing areas of the television station and then finding out through the census and other means the educational levels of the different counties involved. The average percent of lower limits of the different educational levels could be used as a bases for planning the television series.
- 2. Washington County Extension Home Economists could encourage participation in television series through more efficient use of prior television publicity. This could be done through cooperation with the television station by having the Extension Home Economist make short tapes to inform the public regarding the series. The tapes could be televised two or three weeks before the series began.



- 3. Washington County Extension Home Economists could make particular efforts to begin educational television series for greater individual involvement. This could be done through supplementary classes taught by Extension Home Economists following each television lesson for leaders and others. These classes could be taught in central locations in the counties.
- 4. Washington County Extension Home Economists could give additional consideration to planning educational television series to last over a shorter time duration. This could be done by having fewer units in a series.
- 5. Washington County Extension Home Economists could make appropriate adjustments in planning television series to more nearly meet the needs and interests of a broad audience. This could be done through kits of materials planned for such an audience.

Recommendations for Further Study

- 1. Additional studies should be conducted to determine ways to motivate television viewers to become more thoroughly involved in educational series.
- 2. Further research is needed to evaluate the actual learning of the television viewers in terms of the recommended principles taught and the objectives of the series.
- 3. Other studies should be conducted in Tennessee to further determine the needs and interests of viewers in such educational series.
- 4. A study should be conducted in Tennessee to further study the influence of such characteristics as age, sex, marital status, number of children, income and others on behavioral changes related to educational television series.



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APPRNDIX



Table 1. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND STATES OF RESIDENCE**

			Member	Membership Starms		
		Home	Нове *			
	4	Demonstration	Demonstration			
State of Residence	(N=1477) Percent	Club member (N=204) Percent	Leader (N=57) Percent	4-H Leader (N=16) Percent	4-H Parent (N=86)	Non-Member (N=1114)
					10111	rercent
Tennessee	80	83	63	81	7.7	70
Virginia	14	12	7	13	61	
West Virginia	7	2	0	°		, 6
Kentucky	m	ĸ	0	•	۰ ۱	n m
North Carolina	7	0	0	0	. 0) -
TOTAL . TOTAL	100	100	100	100	001	001
					•) }

Table 2. Relations between respondents! Extension-related membership status and Previous formal educational training*

			Member	Membership Status		
		Нове	Home			
Previous	Total	Demonstration Club Member	Demonstration Leader	4-H Leader	4-H Perent	Non-Months
Educational	(N=1477)	(N=204)	(N=57)	(N=16)	(N=86)	(N=1114)
Training	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No response	•	4	8	9	5	9
High school	S 6	58	99	38	73	55
College	. 56	26	25	20	ω	5 6
Grammar school	12	12	7	•	14	13
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100

Ao responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 3. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND SOURCES OF PUBLICITY THAT ENCOURAGED PARTICIPATION IN THE CLASSES

			Membe	Memberehin Creens		
		Home	Home	פונידה פרשותפ		
	E	Demonstration	Demonstration			
Source of	(N=1477)	Club Member (N=204)	Club Leader (N=57)	4-H Leader (N=16)	4-H Parent	Non-Member
6222	rercent	Fercent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Television**	85	75	74	76	60	
Newspaper**	7	14	=	, .	76	87
Letters from			•	10	1 3	o
Home Agent**	7	16	37	o.	•	
Other sources**	Ŋ	11	, σ	; °	o •	4
Radio*	^		h (o	ø	4
Average Total Banana	' 3	-	^	0	S	7
Telcent respectively	17	23	27	29	54	12

Percents will not add to 100 percent as respondents reported more than one source.

*Significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).

Table 4. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS HAD RENOVATED CHAIRS BEFORE WATCHING AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES*

			Member	Membership Status		
Respondent Renovated Chairs Before Watch- ing an Educational Television Series	Total (N=1477) Percent	Home Demonstration Club Member (N=204) Percent	Home Demonstration Club Leader (N=57) Percent	4-H Leader (N=16) Percent	4-H Parent (N=86) Percent	Non-Member (N=1114) Percent
No response	7	7	4	0	۶	
Yes	58	32	42	12	34	27
No	65	61	54	88	61	99
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100
,						

Non-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 5. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS RENOVATED CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS**

			Member	Membership Status		
Respondent Renovated Chairs While an Educational Television Series was in Progress	Total (N=1477) Percent	Home Demonstration Club Member (N=204) Percent	Home Demonstration Club Leader (N=57) Percent	4-H Leader (N=16) Percent	4-H Parent (N=86) Percent	Non-Member (N=1114) Percent
No response	12	13	S	0	6	13
Yes	9	٣	æ	19	œ	7
No	82	78	92	18	83	80
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100

 $^{\mathbf{a}}_{\mathrm{Non-responses}}$ were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 6. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS ASSISTED SOMEONE ELSE IN RENOVATING CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS**

Someone Else in Renova_ing Chairs While an Educational Total Television Series (N=1477) Was in Progress Percent		tre	ıtion		
lat		Demonstration Club Leader			
laı		Club Leader			
		4 1 1	4-H Leade:	4-H Parent	Non-Member
	(#OZ-N)	(N=57)	(N=16)	(N=86)	(N=1114)
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No response 31	28	28	18	29	32
Yes 4	5	4	13	Ŋ	4
No 65	29	89	69	99	79
TOTAL 100	100	100	100	100	100

Anon-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 7. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS INTENDED TO RENOVATE A CHAIR AFTER SEEING AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES**

			Можно	Momboschin Ctern		
Respondent Planned to		Home	Home	ופוודה מרשבתו		
Renovate a Chair	1	Demonstration	Demonstration			
Atter Seeing an Educational Tele-	Total (N=1477)	Club Member	Club Leader	4-H Leader	4-H Parent	Non-Member
vision Series	Percent	Percent	Percent	(N=16) Percent	(N=86) Percent	(N=1114)
•					-212	בבובשו
No response	16	13	14	9	a	:
Yes	;	,)	0	/1
	90	65	89	69	77	99
No	18	22	8	ŭ		3
TOTAL		1	2	2	15	17
	100	100	100	100	100	100
)

anon-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 8. RELATIONS EE. LEFT RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND REASONS GIVEN BY RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT INTE'D TO RENOVATE CHAIRS**

				Membership Status		
Reason Given for Not or Not Intending to Renovate Chairs	Total (N=1477) Percent	Home Demonstration Club Member (N=204) Percent	Home Demonstration Club Leader (N=57) Percent	4-H Leader (N=16) Percent	4-H Parent (N=86) Percent	Non-Member (N=1114)
No reason given	71	67	09	69	7.3	Terrelli.
Other reasons	19	21	26	6.	ç <u>;</u>	72.0
Don't want to put forth	4		}	•	FA	18.0
that much effort	9	6	7	12	_	4
Need more help	m	m	7	¦ °	• 4) (i
Written directions not clear	-	c		•	,	o.
Television directions	ı	•	•	0	-	0.5
not clear	1	0	0	0	C	v C
					•	

**Not significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).

Table 9. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS! EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND RESPONDENTS WHO WATCHED THE FIFTEEN SUGGESTED EXTENSION UNITS

			ed a ed	Membershin Steine		
		Home	Home	יפוידה פופנתפ		
Extension Units	Total (N=1477) Percent	Demonstration Club Member (N=204) Percent	Demonstration Club Leader (N=57) Percent	4-H Leader (N=16) Percent	4-H Parent (N=86)	Non-Member (N=1114)
"Trends; Fabrics; A Chair That Fits"	17	73	74	76	יבונפוונ	Fercent
"Tools; Supplies; Remov- ing Old Upholstery"	v- 78	78	77) O	٤ ;
"Repairing Framework and Wood Finish"	61	62	58	7	?	: ;
"Stretching Webbing and		,		2	2	10
.sgulide guruanes.	69	67	29	75	79	89
"Tying and Covering Springs"	61	62	88	56	20	; ç
"Attaching Edge Rolls; Padding Seat of Chair" 39	39	33	32	63	: 5	3 3
"Covering Seat of Chair With Separate Cushion" 38	38	33	39	95	. 67	; <u> </u>
						3

Table 9. (Continued)

•			Мешре	Membership Staring		
		Home	Home			
	F 040	Demonstration	Demonstration			
	(N=1477)	(N=204)	Club Leader	4-H Leader	4-H Parent	Non-Member
Extension Units	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	(N=86) Percent	(N=1114)
"Padding a Chair Using						Tercent
Foam Rubber"	. 42	43	75	56	77	7
"Padding and Covering the Seat of a Chair"	c	Ç	;		!	;
	32	63	ဇ္ဇ	31	07	32
"Padding and Covering Arms"	67	97	77	69	œ	
"Adding the Front Band and Padding Inside				•	3	ş
Back"	. 39	31	35	63	\$2	0
"Covering the Inside Back and Sewing on					•	}
buttons"	35	32	35	80	67	ye
"Covering Outside Arm . and Back"	15	34	35	31	9 07	2 4
"Fastening Lining Under Bottom of Chair"	41	38	9	: C	} (} :
"Making a Cushion					;	14
Cover"	33	31	32	25	35	33
Total Average Percents	67	97	47	58	27	69

Table 10. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND THE EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED**

			Member	Membership Status		
		Home	Home			
		Demonstration	Demonstration			
	Total	Club Member	Club Leader	4-H Leader	4-H Parent	Non-Member
Number of Extension	(N=1477)	(N=204)	(N=57)	(N=16)	(N=86)	(N=1114)
Units Watched	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Not indicated	11	6	12	9	7	12
One to Five	28	32	30	12	21	28
Six to Fifteen	61	59	58	82	72	09
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100

Respondents not indicating number of programs watched were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 11. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS! EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS WERE SATISFIED WITH RENOVATED CHAIRS**

				Membership Status		
		Home	Home			
	1	ü	Demonstration			
See Transfer Was	Total	nber	Club Leader	4-H Leader	4-H Parent	Non-Monthan
Chairs Possession	(N=1477)		(N=57)	(N=16)	(N=86)	(N=1114)
Dana Wellovated	rercent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Did not renovate						
a chaira	79	76		ā	;	
			•	70		80
Ies	19	22	16	19	22	9
No	2	,	·	•	!	:
Trop. 41	•	ı	7	9	~	
70101	100	100	100	100	100	100

Respondents who did not renovate a chair were deleted for the purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 12. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND TYPES OF FUTURE EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION PROGRAMS DESIRED

			Membe	Memberehin Ct.		
		Ноше	Home	פוודה הופנתפ		
		Demonstration	Demonstration			
Educational	Total (N=1477)	Club Member (N=204)	Club Leader (N=57)	4-H Leader	4-H Parent	Non-Meaber
Jelevision Series	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	(N=1114)
Basic seving						Terrent
techniques*	67	53	67	ş	7	•
Window treatment*	64	51	53	2	90	3 :
A specific craft*	43	53)	P (4 5	67
Food preservetion##		? .	3	60	45	\$
	y	55	37	31	67	3
Food buying**	31	21	5 6	19	36	
Work simplifications	31	25	37	; ;	Ç (32
Buying home				•	8	31
furni shing s*	8	30	32	92	2	8
Money management*	56	20	28) C	۲ ر د	8 3
Others*	m	-	4	} "	0	92
Total Average Percent	77	c c	• 1	Ð	-	•
	ţ	32	37	36	37	*

*Significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).

Table 13. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS' EXTENSION-RELATED MEMBERSHIP STATUS AND TYPES OF ADULT EDUCATION CLASSES PREVIOUSLY ATTENDED*

			Member	Membership Sterme		
		Нове	Home	מיייד הימית		
	10101	Demonstration	Demonstration			
Class Attended	(N=1477) Percent	Club nember (N=204) Percent	Club Leader (N=57) Percent	4-H Leader (N=16) Percent	4-H Parent (N=86)	Non-Member (N=1114)
					* et cellc	rercent
Other##	13	13	26	20	σ	
Extension-sponsored				3	•	71
Classes**	11	54	32	38	Ş	ľ
Might school	•	٣	7) <u>.</u>	2 1	• ,
Total Average Percent	2	•	•	7	•	
11121121 2011	2	£1	21	31	Φ.	co

Respondents not indicating types of adult education classes previously attended were deleted for purpose of computing Chi Square value.

b Respondents checked one or more categories.

*Significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).

Table 14. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND STATES OF RESIDENCE**

		Renova	Series Wh	Renovated Chairs While the Television
State of	Total	Yes	NO NO NO THE FLORIESS	n Frogress
Residence	(N=1477)	(96=N)	(N=1201)	Uld Not Indicate
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Tennessee	Ç			
Virginia	08	72	81	79
West Virointe	14	21	13	13
Kentucky	8	ო	7	7
North Carolina	m	4	ю	က
TOTAL	1	0	~	~
	100	100	100	100

**Not significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).

RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND MEMBERSHIP STATUS** Table 15.

		Renova	ted Chairs While the Tel	Renovated Chairs While the Television Series Wes in Process
Membership Status	Total (N=1477)	Yes (N=96)	No (N=1201)	Did Not Indicate (N=180)
	rercent	Fercent	Percent	Percent
Non-member	75	80	7.5	62
Home demonstration club member	71	a	:	:
		0	5	3
4-H Parent	9	7	9	7
Home Demonstration Leader	4	2	4	7
4-H Leader	1	٣	-	0
TOTAL	100	100	100	100

Table 16. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND PREVIOUS EDUCATIONAL TRAINING*

The second secon				
		Renova	ted Chairs Whi	Renovated Chairs While the Television
			Series Was in Frogress	Frogress
	Total	Yes	No	Did Not Indicate
1	(N=1477)	(96=N)	(N=1201)	(N=180)
Educational Status	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
High school	57	70	56	52
College	26	18	27	21
Grammar school	. 12	6	13	6
No response	'n	m	4	18
TOTAL	100	. 001	100	100

Respondents not indicating whether or not they renovated a chair were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 17. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND SOURCES OF PUBLICITY THAT ENCOURAGED PARTICIPATION IN THE CLASSES**

		Renova	ted Chairs While the Tel Series Was in Progress	Renovated Chairs While the Television Series Was in Progress
Source of	Total (N=1477)	Yes (N=96)	No (N=1201)	Did Not Indicate (N=180)
Publicity	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Television	85	93	06	73
Newspaper	7	ω	10	14
Letter from Home Agent	7	ω	10	œ
Others	S	9	9	7
Radio	7	7	7	7
Average Total Percent	21	23	24	19

Percents will not add to 100 percent as respondents reported more than one source.

Table 18. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESP. NDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVAFE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS HAD UPHOLSTERED CHAIRS BEFORE WATCHING**

Respondent had Upholstered Chairs		Renovat	ed Chairs While ision Series W	Renovated Chairs While an Educational Television Series Was in Progress
Before Watching an Educational Tele- vision Series	Total (N=1477) Percent	Yes (N=96) Percent	No (N=1201) Percent	Did Not Indicate (N=180) Percent
No response	7	0	m	. 36
Yes	28	35	29	19
No	65	65	89	45
TOTAL	100	100	100	100

*Non-respondent and those not indicating whether or not they renovated a chair were deleted for purposes of compucing Chi Square value.



Table 19. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVICTON SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS ASSISTED SOMEONE ELSE IN RENOVATING CHAIRS WHILE THE SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS*

		Renovated Televis	Chairs While	Renovated Chairs While the Educational Television Series Was in Process
Respondent Assisted Someone Else in Renovating Chairs	Total (N=1477) Percent	Yes (N=96) Percent	No (N=1201) Percent	Did Not Indicate (N=180)
No response	31			
	17	80	23	79
les	. 4	25	7	18
ON :	65	26	75	18
TOTAL	100	100	100	100

Anon-respondents and those not indicating whether or not they renovated a chair were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 20. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS INTENDED TO RENOVATE CHAIRS AFTER HAVING SEEN THE SERIES*

Respondent Intends to Renovate Chairs		Renovat Tele	ted Chairs Whivision Series	Renovated Chairs While the Educational Television Series Was in Progress
After Having Seen the Educational	lotal (N=1477)	Yes (N=96)	No (N=1201)	Did Not Indicate (N=180)
Television Series	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No response	16	25	10	97
Yes	99	70	69	77
No	18	S	21	01
TOTAL	100	100	100	100

^aNon-respondents and those not indicating whether or not they renovated a chair were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 21. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND RESPONDENTS WHO WATCHED EACH OF THE FIFTEEN SUGGESTED EXTENSION UNITS

		Tele	vision Series	Television Series Was in Progress
	Total	Yes	No	Did Not Indicate
	(N=1477)	(96=N) ·	(N=1201)	
Extension Unit	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
"Trends; Fabrics; A Chair That Fits"	65	œ	7.3	C
"Tools; Supplies; Removing Old Upholstery"	71) C	n c	7 0 3
"Repairing Framework and Wood Finish"	36	82 . 6	9	t v
"Stretching Webbing and Fastening Springs"	62	. 88	<u>.</u> 02	n n
"Tying and Covering Springs"	99	74	93	4 77
"Attaching Edge Rolls; Padding Seat of Chair"	36	89	8 8	: c
"Covering Seat of Chair with Separate Cushion"	35	28	388	
"Padding a Chair Using Foam Rubber"	38	70	17	i é
"Padding and Covering the Seat of Chair"	28	57	30	27

Table 21, (Continued)

		Renova	ted Chairs Whi	Renovated Chairs While the Educational Television Series Was in Progress
Extension Unit	Total (N=1477) Percent	Yes (N=96) Percent	No (N=1201) Percent	Did Not Indicate (%=180) Percent
"Padding and Covering Arms"	77	69	67	3.6
"Adding the Front Band and Padding Inside Back"	36	20	, g) r
"Covering the Inside Back and Sewing on Buttons"	33	. 6	3 %	
"Covering Outside Arm and Back"	37	67	36 41	93 °C
"Fastening Lining Under Bottom of Chair"	37	. 49	; 3	, c
"Making a Cushion Cover"	. 30	29	.32	23
Total Average Percents	77	71	67	36

Table 22. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND THE ACTUAL NUMBER OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED*

		Renova	red Chairs Whi	Renovated Chairs While the Educational Television Series Was in Progress
Number of	Total	Yes	No	Did Not Indicate
Extension Units	(N=1477)	(96=N) ·	(N=1201)	(N=180)
Watched	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No response	11	m	ω	37
One to Five	28	01	30	. 20
Six to Ten	33	29	35	17
Eleven to Fifteen	28	. 58	27	56
TOTAL	100	100	100	100

ANon-respondents and those not indicating whether or not they renovated a chair were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 23. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS BY TYPES OF FUTURE TELEVISION PROGRAMS DESIRED**

		e		
		renova Tele	ted Chairs Whi vision Series	Renovated Chairs While the Educational Television Series Was in Proceed
Future Program Desired	Total (N=1477) Percent	Yes (N=96) Percent	No (N=1201) Percent	Did Not Indicate (N=180)
Basic sewing techniques	67	3		Tercent
Window transfer	•	25	64	45
	67	61	51	34
a specific craft	43	54	45	. 60
Food preservation	42	87	43	3 72
Food buying	31	73		5 ;
Work simplification	12)	10	54
Buying home furnishings	1	†	31	22
Money management	200	9	31	17
Others	97	28	56	19
	m	9	٣	7
cour netage recents	34	9	34	26

Table 24. RELATIONS BETWEEN RESPONDENTS WHO DID OR DID NOT RENOVATE CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS AND TYPES OF ADULT EDUCATION CLASSES PREVIOUSLY ATTENDED***

		Renovat	the Chesses Ut.	
	-40	Telev	ision Series	Television Series Was in Progress
Type of Class	(N=1477) Percent	Yes (N=96) Po=000	No (N=1201)	Did Not Indicate (N=180)
Other		retcent	Fercent	Percent
Extension enchanged as	12	19	13	
Night School	10	16	11	, 12
Total Average Percents	so (10	9	\$
	σ.	14	01	α

Table 25. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND RESPONDENTS' STATES OF RESIDENCE**

			Number of E	Number of Extension Units Watched	ts Watched	
State of	Tot a l (N=1477)	1-5 (N=409)	6-10 (N=481)	11-15 (N=420)	Did Not (N=167)	Did Not Indicate (N=167)
Residence	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Tennessee	80	78	81	79	83	
Virginia	14	15	14	15	01	
West Virginia	2	7	7	7	m	
Kentucky	9	4	7	m	m	
North Carolina	~	-		-	-	
TOTAL	001	100	001	100	001	

Table 26. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND RESPONDENTS! MEMBERSHIP STATUS**

			Number of Extension Units Watched	ktension Uni	ts Watched	
	Total (N=1477)	1-5 (N=409)	5-10 (N=481)	11-15 (N=420)	Did Not (N=167)	Did Not Indicate (N=167)
Membership Status	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Non-member	75	75	74	92	80	
Home demonstration club member	14	16	15	12	11	
4-H parent	9	4	7		4	
Home demonstration club leader	4	4	ო	4	4	
4-H leader	-			-	~	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	

Table 27. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND RESPONDENTS' PREVIOUS FORMAL EDUCATIONAL TRAINING**

			Number of E	Number of Extension Units Watched	ts Watched	
Previous Formal	Total	1-5	6-10	11-15	Did Not Indicate	Indicate
Educational	(N=1477)	(N=409)	(N=481)	(N=420)	(N=167)	
Iraining	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
No response	9	m	4	4	20	
High school	98	55	28	. 19	97	
College	26	28	56	22	25	
Grammar school	12	14	12	13	Φ	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	001	

*Non-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 28. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND THE SOURCES OF PUBLICITY THAT ENCOURAGED RESPONDENTS! PARTICIPATION IN THE CLASSES

			Number of Extension Units Watched	tension Uni	ts Watched	
Source of Publicity	(N=1477) Percent	1-5 (N=409) Percent	6-10 (N=481) Percent	11–15: (N=420)	Did Not (N=167)	Did Not Indicate (N=167)
Television**	85	83	06	rercent	Percent	
Newspaper*	٢	•		16	. 27	
Inter from Union		11	O)	on	14	
True nome Agents*	7	On .	10	80	6 0	
Others**	'n	7	4		7	
Radio*	8	-	7	ო	-	
Total Average Percents	21	22	23	23	_ 17	

Table 29. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS HAD UPHOLSTERED CHAIRS BEFORE WATCHING AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES**

Respondent Had Upholstered			Number of E	Number of Extension Units Watched	ts Watched
the Educational Television Series	Total (N=1477) Percent	1-5 (N=409) Percent	6-10 (N=481) Percent	11-15 (N=420) Percent	Did Not Indicate (N=167)
No response	7	9	2	-	36
Yes	28	56	28	34	22
No	65	89	70	65	75
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

Anon-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 30. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS RENOVATED CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS*

Respondent Renovated			Nh			
Chairs While the	T. 40 F.		Number of E	Mumber of Excension Units Watched	S Watched	
Educational Television	(N=1477)	(N=609)	01-9	11-15	Did Not Indicate	cate
Series Was in Progress	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
No response ^{&}	12	6	9	11	07	
Yes	.	2	•	13	8	
No	82	89	88	76	28	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	
			•			

Non-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 31. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS ASSISTED SOMEONE ELSE IN RENOVATING CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS*

Kespondent Assisted Someone Else in Renovating			Number of E	Number of Extension Units Watched	ts Watched
Chairs while the Educational Television Series Was in Progress	Total (N=1477) Percent	1-5 (N=409) Percent	6-10 (N=481) Percent	11-15 (N=420) Percent	Did Not Indicate (N=167)
No response	31	29	26	28	55
Yes	4	ო	m	Ø.	1
No	65	89	11	63	77
TOTAL	001	100	100	100	100

Non-responses were deleted for purposes of \sim uputing Chi Square value.

Table 32. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS INTENDED TO RENOVATE CHAIRS AFTER SEEING AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES*

Respondent Intended to Renovate Chairs After			Number of Ex	Number of Extension Units Watced	s Watc.ed
Seeing Educational Television	Total (N=1477)	1-5 (N=409)	6-10 (N=481)	11-15 (N=420)	Did Not Indicate (N=167)
	Fercent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No response	16	19	7	٠. د	58
Yes	99	20	77	85	28
ON	18	31	16	10	14
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

Non-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 32. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND REASONS GIVEN BY RESPONDENTS FOR NOT INTENDING TO RENOVATE CHAIRS AFTER THE EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES*

Reasons Given by			Number of E	Number of Extension Units Watched	ts Watched	
Respondents for	Total	1-5	6-10	11-15	Did Not Indicate	Indicate
Not Intending to	(N=1477)	(N=708)	(N=481)	(N=420)	(N=167)	
Renovate Chairs	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Intended to Renovate Chair	99	20	7.7	85	28	
Other reasons	18	33	12	10	22	
Did not want to put forth that much effort	9	6	9	m	9	
No reason given	\$	٣	0	0	43	
Need more help	e	4	m	1	7	
Television directions not clear	-	0		1	0	
Written directions not clear	-	-	1	0	0	
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	

Table 34. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS WERE SATISFIED WITH CHAIRS RENOVATED DURING THE EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES***

			Number of E	Number of Extension Units Watchad	te Watched	
Nespondent was Satisfied with Removated Chairs	Total (N=1477) Percent	1-5 (N=409) Percent	6-10 (N=481) Percent	11-15 (N=420) Percent	Did Not (N=167)	Did Not Indicate (N=167)
No response	79	85	70	97	Terrent	
X S	9	3 :	2	80	92	
) (61	14	19	29	7	
	2	1	7	m	~	
TOTAL	100	100	100	001	81	

Non-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 35. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND TYPES OF FUTURE EXTENSION TELEVISION PROGRAMS DESIRED BY RESPONDENTS

			Number of E	Number of Extension Units Watched	ts Watched	
Type of Future	Total	1-5	6-10	11-15	Did Not I	Indicate
Television	(N=1477)	(N=409)	(N=481)	(N=420)	(N=167)	
Program Desired	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Basic sewing techniques*	67	67	50	54	34	
Window treatment**	67	42	54	88	27	
A specific craft*	43	41	87	97	30	
Food preservation**	42	38	45	51	32	
Food buying**	3.	26	30	38	23	
Work simplification**	31	. 52	33	36	22	
Buying home furnishings**	30	26	29	39	19	
Money management**	26	22	27	31	19	
Others*	m	8	4	4	8	
Total Average Percents	34	30	35	52	23	

Table 36. RELATIONS BETWEEN ACTUAL NUMBERS OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED AND IYPES OF ADULT EDUCATION CLASSES PREVIOUSLY ATTENDED BY RESPONDENTS**

			Number of E	Number of Extension Units Watched	s Watched	
Type of Class	Total (N=1477)	1-5 (N=409)	6-10 (N=481)	11-15 (N=420)	Did Not Indicate (N=167)	icate
Attended	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Night school	9	•	7	9	σ	
Extension-sponsored classes		54	56	20	14	
Other	13	11	13	15	11	
Average Total Percent	10	14	15	14	11	

Table 37. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND STATES OF RESIDENCE**

			Chair Renovation Ratings	ion Ratings	
State of Residence	Total (N=1477) Percent	0 (N=387) Perce nt	1 (N=681) Percent	2 (N=366) Percent	3 (N=43) Percent
Tennessee	80	81	. 08	80	75
Virginia	14	12	15	14	14
West Virginia	2	က	2	m	7
Kentucky	E	က	2	က	7
North Carolina	1	1	1	0	7
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

*Scoring system used: (1) 0 = no "yes" answers to questions 5, 6, and 7 on survey; (2) 1 = one "yes" answer to either question 5, 6, or 7; (3) 2 = two "yes" answers to questions 5, 6, and/or 7; and (4) 3 = all "yes" answers to questions 5, 6, and 7.

Table 38. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND MEMBERSHIP STATUSES**

			Chair Renovation Ratinos	ion Ratinos	
	Total (N=1477)	0 (N=387)	1 (N=681)	2 (N=366)	3 (N=43)
Membership Status	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Non-member	7.5	78	. 91	73	70
Home Demonstration Club member	14	13	14	14	12
4-H Parent	•	٧	9	9	14
Home Demonstration Club leader	4	ო	m	9	7
4-H Leader	7	1	-	-	7
TOTAL	100	001	100	100	100
		!			

**Not significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).



Table 39. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND PREVIOUS FORMAL EDUCATIONAL TRAINING**

			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Frevious Educational Training	Total (N=1477) Percent	0 (N=387) Percent	1 (N=681) Percent	2 ·(N=366) Percent	3 (N=43) Percent
No response	٠,	11	9	7	2
High school	57	52	57	58	02
College	26	25	. 78	54	19
Grammar school	. 12	12	12	14	6
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

Anon-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 40. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND SOURCES OF PUBLICITY RECARDING THE TELEVISION SERIES THAT ENCOURAGED PARTICIPATION IN THE CLASSES

			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
	Total (N=1477)	0 (N=387)	1 (N=681)	2 (N-366)	3 (8-6.2)
Sources of Publicity	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Television**	85	7.5	68	88	. 68
Newspaper**	7	11	σ,	01	6
Letter from Home Agent**	7	σ	σ,	10	7
Other sources*	S	4	4,	7	14
Radio**	2	8	7	٣	7
Total Average Percent	21	50	23	54	24

Percents will not add to 100 percent as respondents reported more than one source.

*Significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).

Table 41. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND RENOVATION OF CHAIRS BEFORE WATCHING AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES*

Respondent Had Renovated			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Chairs Before Watching	Total	0		2	3
an Educational	(N=1477)	(N=287)	(N=681)	(N=366)	(N=43)
Television Series	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No response		20	m	7	0
Yes	28	0	11	81	100
No	65	80	98	18	0
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

Anon-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 42. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS
RENOVATED CHAIRS WHILE AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION
SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS*

Respondent Renovated			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Chairs While the Educational Television Series Was in Progress	Total (N=1477) Percent	0 (N=287) Percent	1 (N=681) Percent	2 (N=366) Percent	3 (N=43) Percent
No response	12	23	7	6	36
Yes	v o	0	. m	15	53
ON	82	77	06	92	21
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	001

Anon-responses were deleted for the purposes of computing Chi Square value.

Table 43. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND WHETHER OR NOT RESPONDENTS
ASSISTED SOMEONE ELSE IN RENOVATING CHAIRS WHILE AN
EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES WAS IN PROGRESS*

			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Respondent Assisted Someone Else in Renovation	Total (N=1477) Percent	0 (N=387) Percent	1 (N=681) Percent	2 (N=366) Percent	3 (N=43) Percent
No response	31	39	25	15	07
Yes	7	0	-	10	47
No	65	61	74	59	13
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

*Non-responses were deleted for the purposes of computing Chi Square value. *Significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).

Table 44. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND RESPONDENTS' PLANS TO RENOVATE CHAIRS AFTER HAVING SEEN AN EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION SERIES*

,			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Respondent Planned to Renovate	Total (N-1/27)	0 (E8C-N)	1	2.	3
Chairs	Percent	Percent	(N=081) Percent	(N=306) Percent	(N=43) Percent
No response	16	77	80	æ	0
Yes	99	0	85	96	100
No	81	55	7	1	0
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

Anon-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND REASONS GIVEN BY RESPONDENTS FOR NOT PLANNING TO RENOVALE CHAIRS* Table 45.

			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Reasons Given for	Total	0	1	2	e e
Not Planning to	(N=1477)	(N=387)	(N=681)	(N=3: 6)	(N=43)
Renovate Chairs	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Plan to renovate	99	0	85	96	100
Miscellaneous reasons	16	45	6	8	0
No reason given	7	29	0	0	o
Don't want to put forth . that much effort	9	19	2	-	0
Need more help	٣	Ŋ	7	7	0
Television directions not clear	-	1	-	0	0
Written directions not clear	7	-	~	0	0
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

*Significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).



Table 46. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND RESPONDENTS WHO WATCHED THE FIFTEEN SUGGESTED EXTENSION UNITS*

				Chair Renova	Chair Renovation Ratings	
	Total (N=1477)		O (N=387)	1 (N=681)	2 (N=366)	3
Extension Units	Percent	Rank	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
"Trends; Febrics; A Chair That Fits"	71	7	55	74	81	84
"Tools; Supplies; Removing Old Upholstery"	78	~	61	82	87	88
"Repairing Framework and Wood Finish"	61	4	42	99	72	78
"Stretching Webbing and Fastening Springs"	69	М	87	75	79	67
"Tying and Covering Springs"	61	'n	39	89	72	72
"Attaching Edge Rolls; Padding Seat of Chair"	39	7	18	77	51	63
"Covering Seat of Chair with Separate Cushion"	38	10	19	42	67	51
"Padding a Chair Using Foam Rubber"	42	^	19	67	51	63
"Padding and Covering the Seat of Chair"	32	13	12	36	43	51

Table 46. (Continued)

				Chair Renovation Rating	tion Rating	
	Total		0	-1	2	3
Extense Interes	(N=1477)		(N=387)	(N=681)	(N=366)	(N=43)
Terension outre	rercent	Kank	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
"Padding and Covering Arms"	67	9	23	58	57	19
"Adding the Front Bank and Padding Inside Back"	39	σ	18	77	. F	; ;
"Covering the Inside Back and Sewing on Buttons"	36	11	14		67	, 4
"Covering Outside Arm and Back"	41	σο	17	: 87) Ç	R 3
"Fastening Lining Under Bottom of Chair"	41	60	50	: 4	. 35	ነ ፡
"Making a Cushion Cover"	33	12	13	37	45	42
Total Average Percent	67	1	28	54	09	63

*Significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).

Table 47. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND NUMBER OF EXTENSION UNITS WATCHED*

			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Number of Extension Units Watched	Total (N=1477) Percent	0 (N=387) Percent	1 (N=681) Percent	2 (N=366) Percent	3 (N=43) Percent
Less than one	11	26	9	5	2
One to Five	28	75	54	19	23
Six to Ten	33	22	38	35	21
Eleven to Fifteen	28	ω	. 32	41	24
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100

*Significant at .05 level (Chi Square Test).



Table 48. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND RESPONDENT SATISFACTION WITH THEIR RENOVATED CHAIRS*

			Chote		
Respondent	Total	0	THE VEHICARTION KATINGS	CION KATINGS	
Satistied with Renovated Chairs	(N=1477) Percent	(N=387) Percent	(N=681) Percent	2 (N=366) Percent	3 (N=43)
No response	79	, 86	6	77	יבורבווור
Yes	•	ع	•	Ç	14
;	61	1	ω	50	86
No	2	1		4	ł
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	2
)	3

ANon-responses were deleted for purposes of computing Chi Square value.

b Assisted another in renovation.

Table 49. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND TYPES OF FUTURE TELEVISION PROGRAMS DESIRED

	—————————————————————————————————————		Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Desired Television Program	(N=1477) Percent	(N=387) Percent	1 (N=681) Percent	2 (N=366)	3 (N=43)
Basic sewing techniques	67	377	Tercent	Fercent	Percent
Window treatment		} ;	64	51	65
Food preservet	7	6E	51	57	53
	. 75	33	45	77	7 7
A specific craft	43	37	97		C O
Food buying		;	ţ.	47	28
Work sign lift.	ī	28	35	27	21
	31	22	33	72	
Buying home furnishings	30	26	3 2	ţ ;	3
Money management	36	; ;	7C	OF S	56
Others) (17	29	5 6	19
Total Average Description	"		7	٣	ო
The service of the se	34	28	36	36	9
					•

Table 50. RELATIONS BETWEEN CHAIR RENOVATION RATINGS AND TYPES OF ADULT EDUCATION CLASSES PREVIOUSLY ATTENDED*

			Chair Renovation Ratings	tion Ratings	
Types of Classes Attended	Total (N=1477) Percent	0 (N=387) Percent	1 (N=681) Percent	2 (N=366) Percent	3 (N=43) Percent
Extension-sponsored classes	. 11	12	œ	16	13
Night school	•	4	9	9	19
Other	13	σ	12	15	56
Total Average Percent	10	∞	ø	12	19

